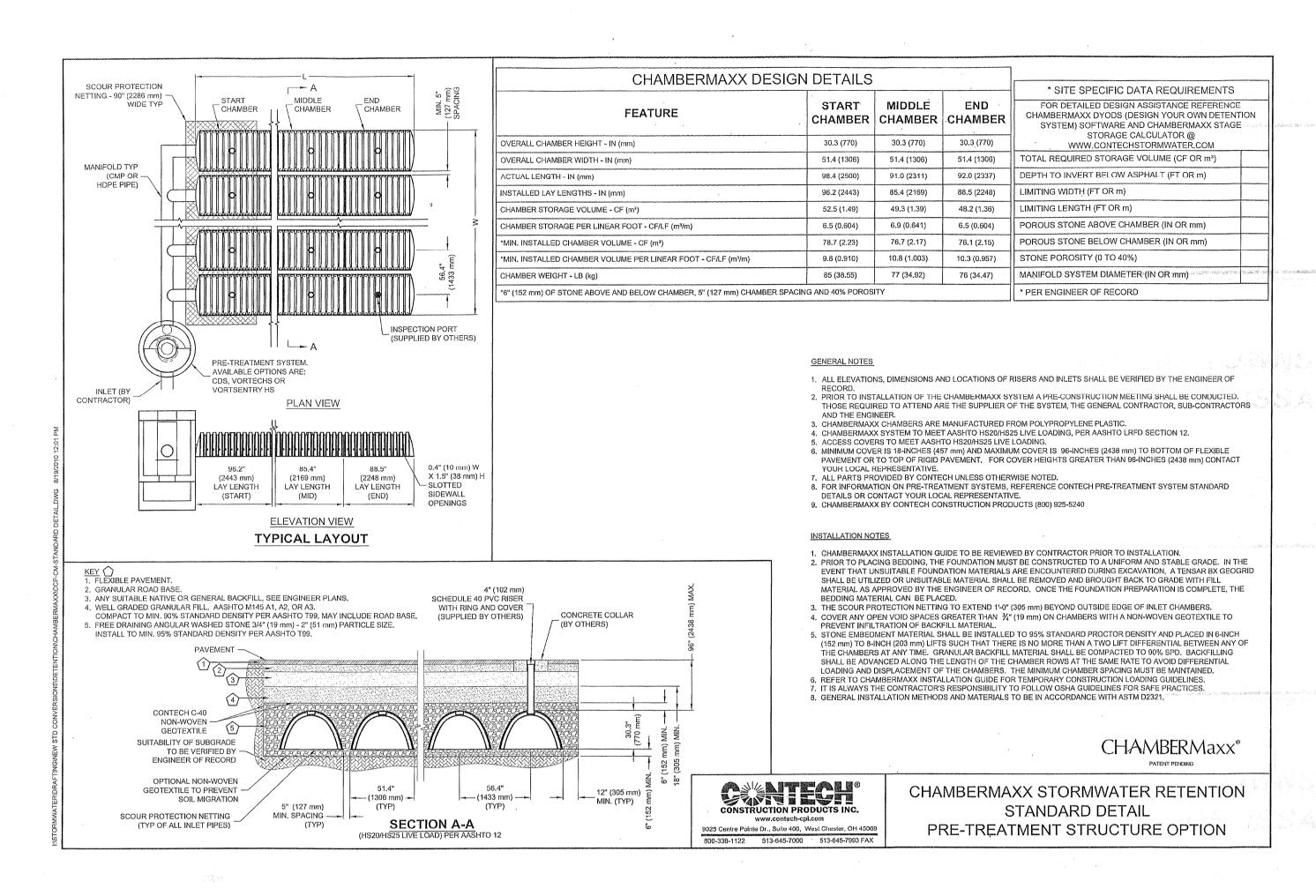


NW 1/4, SECTION 34, TOWNSHIP 23 NORTH, RANGE 6 EAST, W.M. CITY OF ISSAQUAH, WASHINGTON



STORM DRAIN INLET PROTECTION

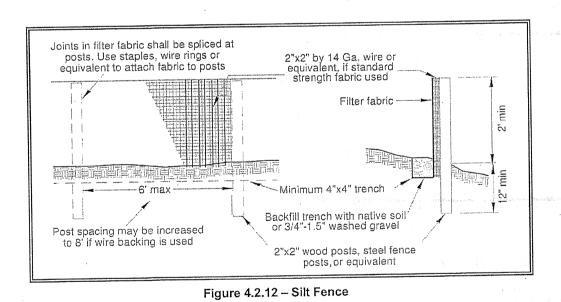
Table 4.2.2 Storm Drain Inlet Protection			
Emergency Overflow	Applicable for Paved/ Earthen Surfaces	Conditions of Use	
		W-124-0-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	
Yes, temporary flooding will occur	Earthen	Applicable for heavy flows. Easy to maintain. Large area Requirement: 30' X 30'/acre	
Yes	Paved or Earthen	Applicable for heavy concentrated flows. Will not pond.	
No		Applicable for heavy concentrated flows. Will pond. Can withstand traffic.	
Yes	Paved or Earthen	Frequent maintenance required.	
	海森在海山市自港 建筑 医原体		
Small capacity overflow	Paved	Used for sturdy, more compact installation.	
Yes	Paved	Sturdy, but limited filtration.	
	Emergency Overflow Yes, temporary flooding will occur Yes No Yes Small capacity overflow	Emergency Overflow Yes, Earthen Surfaces Yes Earthen Occur Yes Paved or Earthen No Yes Paved or Earthen Small capacity Overflow Paved	

Design and Install at ionSpecifications Excavated Drop Inlet Protection - An excavated impoundment around the storm drain. Sediment settles out of the stormwater prior to entering the

- Provide a depth of 1-2 ft as measured from the crest of the inlet
- Slope sides of excavation no steeper than 2H:1V. Minimum volume of excavation 35 cubic yards.
- Shape basin to fit site with longest dimension oriented toward the longest inflow area.
- Install provisions for draining to prevent standing water problems.
- Clear the area of all debris.
- Grade the approach to the inlet uniformly.
- Drill weep holes into the side of the inlet.
- Protect weep holes with screen wire and washed aggregate.
- Seal weep holes when removing structure and stabilizing area.

Volume II – Construction Stormwater Pollution Prevention - August 2012

SILT FENCE



Design and

Installation

Specifications

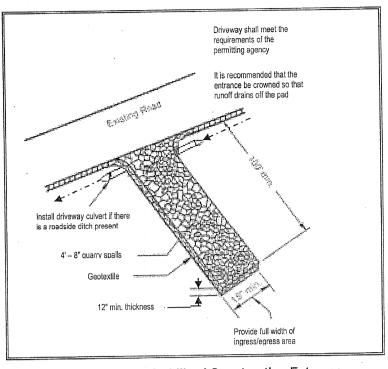
- Use in combination with sediment basins or other BMPs.
 - Maximum slope steepness (normal (perpendicular) to fence line)
 - Maximum sheet or overland flow path length to the fence of 100 feet.
 - Do not allow flows greater than 0.5 cfs.
 - The geotextile used shall meet the following standards. All geotextile properties listed below are minimum average roll values (i.e., the test result for any sampled roll in a lot shall meet or exceed the values shown in Table 4.2.3):

Table 4.2.3 Geotextile Standards		
Polymeric Mesh AOS (ASTM D4751)	0.60 mm maximum for slit film woven (#30 sieve). 0.30 mm maximum for all other geotextile types (#50 sieve). 0.15 mm minimum for all fabric types (#100 sieve).	
Water Permittivity (ASTM D4491)	0.02 sec ⁻¹ minimum	
Grab Tensile Strength (ASTM D4632)	180 lbs. Minimum for extra strength fabric. 100 lbs minimum for standard strength fabric.	
Grab Tensile Strength (ASTM D4632)	30% maximum	
Ultraviolet Resistance (ASTM D4355)	70% minimum	

• Support standard strength fabrics with wire mesh, chicken wire, 2-inch x 2-inch wire, safety fence, or jute mesh to increase the strength of the

Volume II – Construction Stormwater Pollution Prevention - August 2012

STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE



Ecology has approved products as able to meet the requirements of <u>BMP</u> C105. The products did not pass through the Technology Assessment Protocol – Ecology (TAPE) process. Local jurisdictions may choose not to accept this product approved as equivalent, or may require additional testing prior to consideration for local use. The products are available for review on Ecology's website at http://www.ecy.wa.gov/programs/wq/stormwater/newtech/equivalent.html

BMP C106: Wheel Wash

Wheel washes reduce the amount of sediment transported onto paved roads by motor vehicles.

Conditions of Use When a stabilized construction entrance (see <u>BMP C105</u>) is not preventing sediment from being tracked onto pavement.

> Wheel washing is generally an effective BMP when installed with careful attention to topography. For example, a wheel wash can be detrimental if installed at the top of a slope abutting a right-of-way where the water from the dripping truck can run unimpeded into the

 $Volume\ II-Construction\ Stormwater\ Pollution\ Prevention\ -\ August\ 2012$

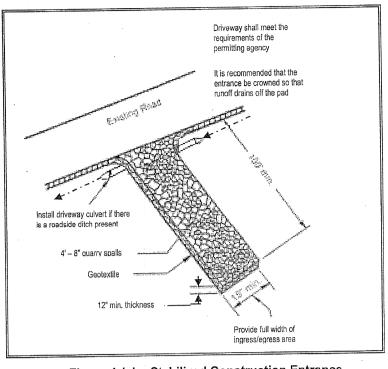
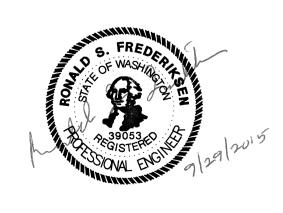


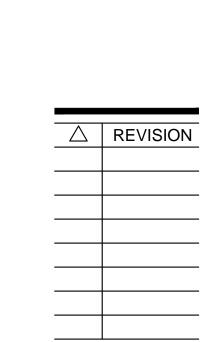
Figure 4.1.1 – Stabilized Construction Entrance





SET

PERMIT



A2.0

